

Trade Essentials Triboard / Triboard Lite / Triboard Pinnable

The Laminex Group

Chemwatch: 4755-62
Version No: 4.1.1.1
Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 1

Issue Date: 05/06/2014
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Initial Date: **Not Available**
L.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	Trade Essentials Triboard / Triboard Lite / Triboard Pinnable
Chemical Name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	Not Available
Proper shipping name	Not Applicable
Chemical formula	Not Applicable
Other means of identification	Trade Essentials - Triboard
CAS number	Not Applicable

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Construction of demountable partitions; pinnable board; other general purposes, where a light weight non-structural panel is required.# Dust generated from shaping, cutting and sawing operations carried out on this product will contain cured binder/wood particles and may contain wood dust without binder. Wood dust is a hazardous substance according to the NOHSC criteria. and "may cause Sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact" (R42/43) and "may cause cancer by inhalation" (R49)
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Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	The Laminex Group		
Address	90-94 Tram Road Doncaster 3108 VIC Australia		
Telephone	+61 3 9848 4811		
Fax	+61 3 9840 6513		
Website	www.thelaminexgroup.com.au		
Email	Not Available		

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available		
Emergency telephone numbers	Not Available		
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available		

CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE

Primary Number	Alternative Number 1	Alternative Number 2
1800 039 008	+612 9186 1132	Not Available

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Model WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable
GHS Classification	Not Applicable

Label elements

GHS label elements	Not Applicable
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SIGNAL WORD	NOT APPLICABLE
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Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

CLP classification (additional)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s): Prevention

Not Applicable

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read label before use.

Precautionary statement(s): Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s): Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s): Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**Substances**

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
	NotSpec.	wood panel containing
Not Available	>85	wood fibres
	NotSpec.	bonded together with
25036-13-9	<15	melamine/ urea/ formaldehyde resin
9016-87-9	<8	polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate
37229-22-4	<2	petroleum slack wax
50-00-0	<0.001	formaldehyde .
	NotSpec.	dust from sawing and forming operations will contain
Not avail.	NotSpec.	wood dust softwood
	NotSpec.	cured binder
	NotSpec.	moisture content as
7732-18-5	5-12	water

*wood panel containing***SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES****Description of first aid measures**

Eye Contact	<p>If this product comes in contact with eyes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Wash out immediately with water. ▶ If irritation continues, seek medical attention. ▶ Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. ▶ Generally not applicable.
Skin Contact	<p>If skin contact occurs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. ▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). ▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. ▶ Other measures are usually unnecessary.

Ingestion

- ▶ Immediately give a glass of water.
- ▶ First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.
- ▶ Generally not applicable.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**Extinguishing media**

- ▶ Foam.
- ▶ Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- ▶ Carbon dioxide.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture**Fire Incompatibility**

- ▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

Advice for firefighters**Fire Fighting**

- ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- ▶ Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.
- ▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.
- ▶ Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.

Fire/Explosion Hazard

Combustible. Will burn if ignited.
 Combustion products include:

- ,
- carbon monoxide (CO)
- ,
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)
- ,
- and minor amounts of
- ,
- hydrogen cyanide
- ,
- other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material

[Wood dust may spontaneously explode at high concentrations-in-air (>60g/m³) and ignite at temperatures greater than 204°C.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures****Minor Spills**

- ▶ Clean up all spills immediately.
- ▶ Secure load if safe to do so.
- ▶ Bundle/collect recoverable product.
- ▶ Collect remaining material in containers with covers for disposal.

Major Spills

- ▶ Clean up all spills immediately.
- ▶ Secure load if safe to do so.
- ▶ Bundle/collect recoverable product.
- ▶ Collect remaining material in containers with covers for disposal.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**Precautions for safe handling****Safe handling**

- ▶ Avoid generating and breathing dust
- ▶ Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- ▶ Wear nominated personal protective equipment when handling.
- ▶ Use in a well-ventilated area.
- ▶ Use good occupational work practices.

Other information

- ▶ Store away from incompatible materials.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**Suitable container**

No restriction on the type of containers. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all material is clearly labelled.

Storage incompatibility

- ▶ Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

Not Available

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters**OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)****INGREDIENT DATA**

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate	Isocyanates, all (as-NCO)	0.02 mg/m ³	0.07 mg/m ³	Not Available	Sen
Australia Exposure Standards	formaldehyde.	Formaldehyde	1.2 mg/m ³ / 1 ppm	2.5 mg/m ³ / 2 ppm	Not Available	Sen; Documentation for the substances with this footnote can be found in the 5th Edition of the ACGIH documentation of the threshold limit values and biological exposure indices. For all other substances with 'H' in Column 7 the documentation can be found in the 6th Edition of the ACGIH documentation of the threshold limit values and biological exposure indices.

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	TEEL-0	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate	2 ppm	6 ppm	40 ppm	200 ppm
formaldehyde.	0.3 ppm	0.9 ppm	14 ppm	56 ppm
water	500 ppm	500 ppm	500 ppm	500 ppm

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
wood fibres	Not Available	Not Available
melamine/ urea/ formaldehyde resin	Not Available	Not Available
polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate	Not Available	Not Available
petroleum slack wax	Not Available	Not Available
formaldehyde.	30 ppm	20 ppm
wood dust softwood	Not Available	Not Available
water	Not Available	Not Available

MATERIAL DATA

NOTE N: The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if the full refining history is known and it can be shown that the substance from which it is produced is not a carcinogen. This note applies only to certain complex oil-derived substances in Annex I.


European Union (EU) List of Dangerous Substances (Annex I) - up to the 29th ATP

NOTE D: Certain substances which are susceptible to spontaneous polymerisation or decomposition are generally placed on the market in a stabilised form. It is in this form that they are listed on Annex I

When they are placed on the market in a non-stabilised form, the label must state the name of the substance followed by the words "non-stabilised"

European Union (EU) List of Dangerous Substances (Annex I) - up to the 29th ATP

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	<p>Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.</p> <p>The basic types of engineering controls are:</p> <p>Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.</p> <p>Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.</p>
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Safety glasses with side shields. ▶ Chemical goggles. ▶ Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. ▶ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact. ▶ Contaminated leather items, such as shoes, belts and watch-bands should be removed and destroyed.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Overalls. ▶ P.V.C. apron. ▶ Barrier cream. <p>When cutting wear approved dust respirator to avoid inhalation of wood dust created during the cutting process.</p>
Thermal hazards	Not Available

Recommended material(s)**GLOVE SELECTION INDEX**

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the **computer-generated** selection:

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Material	CPI
BUTYL	A
NEOPRENE	A
VITON	A

* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

Respiratory protection

Type BAX-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.

Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	BAX-AUS P2	-	BAX-PAPR-AUS / Class 1 P2
up to 50 x ES	-	BAX-AUS / Class 1 P2	-
up to 100 x ES	-	BAX-2 P2	BAX-PAPR-2 P2 ^

^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO₂), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH₃), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance	A very low density reconstituted wood panel made from wood fibres and resin which are bonded together under heat and pressure. The wood is 100% derived from New Zealand plantation Pinus Radiata pine species. Available in a range of thicknesses up to 43mm. Newly manufactured board or freshly cut surfaces may have an odour.
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Physical state	Manufactured	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.400-0.800
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Applicable	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Applicable	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	>100	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Applicable	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Applicable
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Applicable	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution(1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Information on toxicological effects**

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal
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	models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hazard relates to dust released by sawing, cutting, sanding, trimming or other finishing operations. New boards or freshly cut surfaces may have a pine/wood/resin odour which will dissipate with ventilation. When cutting, wood dust will be created which is classified as a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of NOHSC. Atmosphere should be checked and if necessary suitable arrangements made to reduce the level of vapours in the breathing zone for persons working in the area.
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence. The material may still be damaging to the health of the individual, following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (e.g liver, kidney) damage is evident. Present definitions of harmful or toxic substances are generally based on doses producing mortality rather than those producing morbidity (disease, ill-health).
Skin Contact	Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions.
Eye	Although the material is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).
Chronic	This manufactured article is considered to have low hazard potential if handling and personal protection recommendations are followed.

Trade Essentials Triboard / Triboard Lite / Triboard Pinnable	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available
melamine/ urea/ formaldehyde resin	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Oral (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg	[Manufacturer]
	Not Available	Not Available
polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >9400 mg/kg	Eye (rabbit): 100 mg - mild
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 490 mg/m ³ /4h	
	Oral (rat) LD50: 43000 mg/kg	
	Not Available	Not Available
petroleum slack wax	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available
formaldehyde.	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 270 mg/kg	Eye (human): 4 ppm/5m
	Inhalation (man) TCLo: 0.3 mg/m ³	Eye (rabbit): 0.75 mg/24H SEVERE
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 203 mg/m ³	Skin (human): 0.15 mg/3d-I mild
	Oral (man) TDLo: 643 mg/kg	Skin (rabbit): 2 mg/24H SEVERE
	Oral (rat) LD50: 100 mg/kg	
	Oral (woman) LDLo: 108 mg/kg	
	Not Available	Not Available
wood dust softwood	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available
water	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available

Not available. Refer to individual constituents.

POLYMERIC DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE	product
PETROLEUM SLACK WAX	<p>No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.</p> <p>The widespread use in cosmetic and in cosmetic surgery over many years demonstrates the low toxicity of refined waxes and many guidelines exist for their safe use. Notwithstanding this, there are occasional reports of adverse effects with these products. Subcutaneous deposits often referred to as paraffinoma, have been described frequently following injection of these materials under the skin but these are not normally associated with other progressive changes.</p> <p>Paraffin wax and microcrystalline were each administered orally as a solution in arachis oil to groups of 5 male and 5 female rats at dose levels of 1000 and 5000 g/kg bw.</p>
WOOD DUST SOFTWOOD	<p>No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.</p> <p>For wood dusts:</p> <p>Wood dusts may cause respiratory symptoms including sensitisation and diminished respiratory function and may also be carcinogenic. OSHA has determined that the health evidence for the toxicity of wood dust cannot be separately distinguished for soft wood and hard wood. A final OSHA ruling however establishes an 8-hour TWA PEL of 2.5 mg/m³ for Western red cedar wood dust, based on its widely recognized</p>

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	ability to cause immune-system-mediated allergic sensitization. WARNING: Inhalation of wood dust by workers in the furniture and cabinet making industry has been related to nasal cancer [I.L.O. Encyclopedia] Use control measures to limit all exposures.
WATER	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.
MELAMINE/ UREA/ FORMALDEHYDE RESIN, POLYMERIC DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE, FORMALDEHYDE.	The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product. Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibody-mediated immune reactions.

Acute Toxicity	⊗	Carcinogenicity	⊗
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	⊗	Reproductivity	⊗
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	⊗	STOT - Single Exposure	⊗
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	⊗	STOT - Repeated Exposure	⊗
Mutagenicity	⊗	Aspiration Hazard	⊗

CMR STATUS

CARCINOGEN	formaldehyde. Australia Exposure Standards - Carcinogens Carc. 2
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SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

NOT AVAILABLE

Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration	Effect	Value	Species	BCF
wood fibres	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
melamine/ urea/ formaldehyde resin	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
petroleum slack wax	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
formaldehyde.	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
wood dust softwood	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
water	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
Not Available	Not Available

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
Not Available	Not Available

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options. ▶ Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal. ▶ Bury or incinerate residue at an approved site. ▶ Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.
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SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73 / 78 and the IBC code

Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category	Residual Concentration - Outside Special Area (% w/w)	Residual Concentration
40-7-4-8-0-0-AA-20140404	polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate	Y	Not Available	Not Available
40-7-4-8-0-0-AA-20140404	formaldehyde.	Y	Not Available	Not Available

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

melamine/ urea/ formaldehyde resin(25036-13-9) is found on the following regulatory lists	"Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)"
polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate(9016-87-9) is found on the following regulatory lists	"Australia - Victoria Occupational Health and Safety Regulations - Schedule 9: Materials at Major Hazard Facilities (And Their Threshold Quantity) Table 2","IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk","Australia Hazardous Substances Requiring Health Surveillance","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix F (Part 3)","Australia - New South Wales Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2005 - Waste transported within NSW or interstate and required to be tracked","Australia - Western Australia Hazardous Substances Requiring Health Surveillance","Australia Exposure Standards","Australia - Northern Territories Work Health and Safety National Uniform Legislation Regulations- Requirements for health monitoring - Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring","Australia - Tasmania Hazardous Substances Requiring Health Surveillance","FisherTransport Information","OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals","International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs","Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)","Australia - South Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 - Requirements for health monitoring - Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring","Australia - Queensland Work Health and Safety Regulation - Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring","Australia Occupational Health and Safety (Commonwealth Employment) (National Standards) Regulations 1994 - Hazardous Substances Requiring Health Surveillance","Australia Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 - Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring","Australia National Pollutant Inventory","OECD Existing Chemicals Database","Sigma-AldrichTransport Information","Australia High Volume Industrial Chemical List (HVICL)","Australia - New South Wales - Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011 - Requirements for health monitoring -Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring","Australia - Tasmania - Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 - Requirements for Health Monitoring - Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix E (Part 2)","GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles","International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations","Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists","Australia - New South Wales Hazardous Substances Requiring Health Surveillance","IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6"
petroleum slack wax(37229-22-4) is found on the following regulatory lists	"OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals","Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)","International Chemical Secretariat (ChemSec) SIN List ("Substitute It Now!"),"International Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) Declarable Substances Chemical List - ARP9536","Australia High Volume Industrial Chemical List (HVICL)","Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists"
formaldehyde.(50-00-0) is found on the following regulatory lists	"International Council of Chemical Associations (ICCA) - High Production Volume List","IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix F (Part 3)","Australia - Australian Capital Territory - Environment Protection Regulation: Ambient environmental standards (Domestic water supply - disinfection by-products)","Australia Exposure Standards","Australia - Tasmania - Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 - Hazardous Chemicals at Major Hazard Facilities (and their Threshold Quantity) - Table 15.1","Australia - New South Wales - Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011 - Hazardous chemicals at major hazard facilities (and their threshold quantity) - Table 15.1","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 2","Australia - South Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 - Schedule 15—Hazardous chemicals at major hazard facilities (and their threshold quantity) Table 15.1","FisherTransport Information","Australia FAISD Handbook - First Aid Instructions, Warning Statements, and General Safety Precautions","United Nations Consolidated List of Products Whose Consumption and/or Sale Have Been Banned, Withdrawn, Severely Restricted or Not Approved by Governments","OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals","OSPAR National List of Candidates for Substitution – Norway","International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs","Australia Drinking Water Guideline Values For Physical and Chemical Characteristics","Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)","International Numbering System for Food Additives","Australia - Victoria Drugs, Poisons and Controlled Substances (Precursor Chemicals) Regs 2007 - Schedule 1 - Precursor Chemicals and Quantities","International Chemical Secretariat (ChemSec) SIN List ("Substitute It Now!"),"International Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) Declarable Substances Chemical List - ARP9536","WHO Guidelines for Drinking-water Quality - Chemicals for which guideline values have not been established","Australia National Pollutant Inventory","UNECE - Kiev Protocol on Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers - Annex II","Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - Goods Too Dangerous To Be Transported","Australia - Australian Capital Territory - Environment Protection Regulation: Pollutants entering waterways taken to cause environmental harm - Domestic water supply quality","OECD Existing Chemicals Database","Sigma-AldrichTransport Information","Australia High Volume Industrial Chemical List (HVICL)","Australia Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents - Category II","Australia Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 - Hazardous chemicals at major hazard facilities and their threshold quantity","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix E (Part 2)","GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles","Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists","Australia - Queensland Work Health and Safety Regulation - Hazardous chemicals at major hazard facilities (and their threshold quantity)","IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6"
wood dust softwood(Not avail.) is found on the following regulatory lists	
water(7732-18-5) is found on the following regulatory lists	"OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals","OSPAR National List of Candidates for Substitution – Norway","WHO Model List of Essential Medicines - Adults","Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)","IMO IBC Code Chapter 18: List of products to which the Code does not apply","Sigma-AldrichTransport Information","Australia High Volume Industrial Chemical List (HVICL)","International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Survey: Transparency List"

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at:

www.chemwatch.net/references

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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